

## **CLAIMS**

1. (Previously Presented) A host device for controlling the display of a portion of an image space in at least one panel connected thereto, comprising:

    a panel ID recognition section for recognizing a panel ID for a unit comprising a single display panel or a predetermined number of display panels for displaying said portion of the image space;

    a window ID allocation section for allocating a window ID for a window constituting a unit for transferring an image signal;

    a control signal output section for outputting a control signal for setting said window ID to be processed by said unit having said panel ID; and

    an image signal transfer section for adding said window ID to said image signal and transferring said image signal to said unit having said panel ID.

2. (Original) The host device according to claim 1, wherein said control signal output section outputs setting information of a processing space that is information relating to a display area to be processed for each unit having said panel ID or for a plurality of selected units having said panel ID.

3. (Previously Presented) The host device according to claim 2, wherein said setting information, which is outputted from said control signal output section, is to provide a gap between end coordinates of a processing space and start coordinates of an adjacent display panel.

4. (Original) The host device according to claim 1, said host device further comprising a panel attribute setting section for setting a panel attribute for said panel ID, wherein said control signal output section specifies said panel ID and outputs a control signal for indicating a panel attribute set by said panel attribute setting section.

5. (Original) The host device according to claim 1, wherein said image signal transfer section manages an update of a screen for each window, packetizes an updated image signal when the update is needed, adds said window ID to said image signal and transfers said image signal.

6. (Previously Presented) The host device according to claim 1, said host device further comprising:

a panel ID setting instruction section for instructing a setting of said panel ID to said unit comprising said single display panel or said predetermined number of display panels, wherein said panel ID recognition section recognizes said panel ID from information outputted from said panel based on an instruction by said panel ID setting instruction section.

7. (Previously Presented) A host device which transfers an image signal to a high-resolution display panel connected thereto, comprising:

a panel ID recognition section for imagining sub-panels obtained by dividing said high-resolution display panel into a predetermined number of sub-panels and for

recognizing a panel ID for a unit comprising said predetermined number of the sub-panels;

a window ID allocation section for allocating a window ID for a window constituting a unit for transferring said image signal;

a control signal output section for outputting a control signal to set said window ID to be processed by said unit having said panel ID; and

an image signal transfer section for adding said window ID to said image signal and transferring said image signal to said unit having said panel ID.

8. (Original) The host device according to claim 7, wherein said control signal section outputs setting information of a processing space that is information relating to a display area to be processed for each unit having said panel ID.

9. (Original) The host device according to claim 7, wherein said image signal transfer section manages an update of a screen for each window, packetizes an updated image signal when the update is needed, and adds said window ID to said image signal, thus transferring said image signal.

10. (Previously Presented) The host device according to claim 7, said host device further comprising: a panel ID setting instruction section for instructing a setting of said panel ID for said sub-panel, wherein said panel ID recognition section recognizes said panel ID from information outputted from said high-resolution display panel based on an instruction by said panel ID setting instruction section.

11. (Previously Presented) An image display device, which is connected to a host device for transferring an image signal and displaying an image, comprising:

panel ID setting means for setting a panel ID, which is an identifier of a unit comprising at least one panel;

recognition means for recognizing a correspondence relation of said panel ID and a window ID to be processed, with respect to the window ID allocated for a window that is a transfer processing unit of the image signal; and

receiving means for receiving said window ID added to the image signal, wherein the unit comprising at least one panel processes the window, based on the correspondence relation of said panel ID and said window ID.

12. (Original) The image display device according to claim 11, wherein panel control bits for allowing said host device to recognize states of the plurality of panels are provided.

13. (Original) The image display device according to claim 11, wherein said panel includes a plurality of processing units capable of respectively processing a single window.

14. (Previously Presented) An image display device, which is connected to a host device for transferring an image signal, and displays an image on a panel, comprising:

panel ID setting means for imagining sub-panels obtained by dividing said panel into a predetermined number of sub-panels and setting a panel ID, which is an identifier for at least one of said predetermined number of sub-panels;

recognition means for recognizing a correspondence relation of said panel ID and a window ID to be processed, with respect to the window ID allocated for a window that is a transfer processing unit of the image signal; and

receiving means for receiving said window ID added to the image signal, wherein the at least one predetermined number of sub-panels processes the window, based on the correspondence relation of said panel ID and said window ID.

15. (Original) The image display device according to claim 14, wherein panel control bits for allowing the host device to recognize states of the sub-panels are provided.

16. (Original) The image display device according to claim 14, wherein said sub-panel includes a plurality of processing units capable of respectively processing a single window.

17. (Original) The image display device according to claim 14, wherein only one memory for storing setting information of the sub-panel set by said panel ID setting means is provided.

18. (Previously Presented) An image display system comprising:

a host system for executing an application; and

a display constituted by a plurality of panels connected to the host system,

wherein the plurality of panels in said display have a panel ID as an identifier, wherein said host system allocates a window ID for a window in an image space, of which the

host system is conscious, adds the window ID to an image signal, thus outputting the image signal to said display, and outputs a control signal to allow the window ID and said panel ID to correspond to each other.

19. (Original) The image display device according to claim 18,

wherein said host system packetizes the image signal before an image development, and outputs the packetized image signal, and

the panel in said display executes a processing for developing said image signal before the image development, which is outputted from the host system.

20. (Previously Presented) An image display method which displays an image on a display based on a signal from a host system for executing an application, comprising the steps of:

setting a panel ID for identifying either a single display section or a predetermined number of display sections forming a tiling, for the plurality of display sections constituting said display;

defining a window in an image space, of which said host system is conscious;

allocating a window ID for the window;

prior to a transfer of image information, setting a window ID to be processed for said display section for which said panel ID is set; and

transferring said image information after adding said window ID to said image information.

21. (Original) The image display method according to claim 20, wherein said display is an enlarged panel using a plurality of panels, and said display section constituting the display is the panels constituting the enlarged panel.

22. (Original) The image display method according to claim 20, wherein said display is a single high-resolution display panel, and said display section constituting said display is a sub-panel which is obtained by dividing the high-resolution panel and is processed.

23. (Original) The image display method according to claim 20, wherein a change of said panel ID and a change of said window ID to be processed by said display section are transmitted from said host system to said display by a command.

24. (Original) The image display method according to claim 20, wherein a common panel ID is set to all of the predetermined number of display sections forming the tiling, and a common window ID is set to all of the predetermined number of display sections.

25. (Previously Presented) A panel attribute reading-out method, in which a panel ID for identifying a display panel is set for a plurality of display panels connected to a host system for executing an application, and an attribute of the display panel is read out by the host system, comprising the steps of:

setting said panel ID to "0" for all of the display panels at the time of turning on a power source;

reading out attribute information of an upstream display panel having said panel ID "0" by said host system;

setting said panel ID of the upstream display panel having said panel ID "0" to a value other than "0" using a command for said display panel from which the attribute information is read out;

by the display panel from which the attribute information is read out, inhibiting said command from the host system from being sent to a downstream display panel; and

by the display panel from which the attribute information is read out, selecting one of the plurality of display panels connected to the downstream side to read out the attribute information to said host system.

26. (Original) The panel attribute reading-out method according to claim 25, wherein said display panel having the panel ID other than "0" selects a display panel which first outputs "0," and transfers said attribute information to said host system.

27. (Original) The panel attribute reading-out method according to claim 25, wherein when "0" is outputted simultaneously from two or more of the downstream display panels to said display panel having the panel ID other than "0," one downstream display panel is selected in accordance with a priority fixed in said display panel, and said attribute information is transferred to said host system.

28. (Original) The panel attribute reading-out method according to claim 25, wherein when a plurality of display panels are tiled, attribute information is transferred from a



display panel closest to said host system among the display panels tiled, and a command from said host system which sets a panel ID is sent to all of the display panels tiled without being blocked.

29. (Original) The panel attribute reading-out method according to claim 25, wherein said display panel is a sub-panel obtained by dividing a single high-resolution panel, and said panel ID is set corresponding to said sub-panel, and an attribute corresponding to the sub-panel is read out.

30. (Cancelled)

31. (Cancelled)